

## Glossary

- algorithm: a sequence of instructions that can be used to solve a problem or set of problems
- computational thinking: problem-solving related to computers, programming, or computer science using skills such as decomposing problems, pattern recognition, abstraction, and automation
- conditional: instructions that depend on whether something is true or false
- debugging: identifying and preventing unintended behavior of a computer or program
- event: an interaction or change that can be sensed by a computer or robot
- event handler: a program with specific instructions for whenever an event happens
- function: a sequence of instructions, usually given a name, that can be reused throughout a program or in other programs
- function call: an instruction that executes the sequence of instructions in a function
- growth mindset: the belief that one's skills and aptitudes can be developed over time
- loop: a set of instructions that repeats either a certain number of times, forever, or until something specific happens
- nested: refers to an instruction inside another instruction (e.g., a nested loop is a loop inside of another loop)
- program: a sequence of instructions, usually written for a computer
- sequence: an arrangement of steps in a specific order to describe a procedure
- variable: a name or symbol that represents a number (or some other value) that can be referred to in a program and changed over time